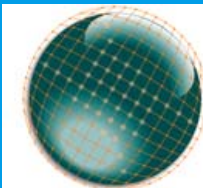


Planned Islanding and Energy Storage at BC Hydro

Workshop: International Smartgrid projects review
December 10, 2010

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Distribution Planning
T&D Asset Investment Management
BC Hydro

BC hydro 
FOR GENERATIONS



4th International Conference on
**Integration of
Renewable and Distributed
Energy Resources**
December 6-10, 2010
Albuquerque, NM USA

Agenda

- BC Hydro
- Emerging Trends
- Planned Islanding
- Islanding Assessment & Tech. Req.
- BCH Islanding Projects
- Energy Storage
- Conclusions & Future Challenges

BC Hydro

- Gov't Owned Crown Corp.
- 1.8 Million Customers
- 10 GW Domestic Peak Load
- Serves 94% of British Columbia
- Integrated G, T, & D Utility
- Aprox. 5,600 Employees
- 18,286 km transmission lines
- 225 Substations
- 1,300 Feeders
 - Overhead 48,000 km
 - Underground 8,500 km
- Voltages
 - D: 12, 25 kV
 - T: 60kV-500kV



- F2010 Normalized Reliability
 - SAIFI=1.52 Target = 1.27
 - CAIDI=2.28 hrs Target = 2.15 hrs
 - CEMI \geq 4 =13% Target = 8.5%
- Two-Step Residential Rate
 - Step 1 (up to 1,350 kWh) 5.91 cents/kWh
 - Step 2 (> 1,350 kWh) 8.27 cents/kWh
 - Calculated per billing cycle (typically 2 months)

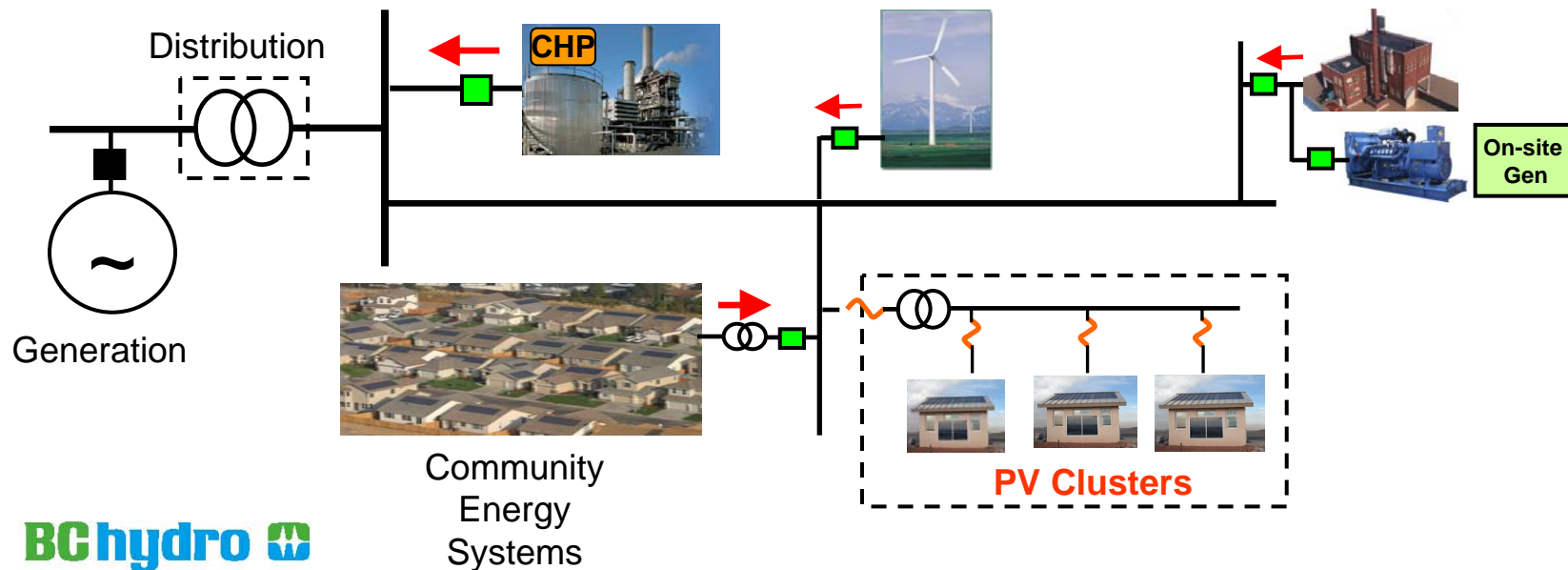
BC Hydro's business environment

- Ageing utility infrastructure → reliability
- Changing demographics → knowledge retirement
- Customer expectations → access to information, reliability
- Technology advances → IEDs, telecom, data management, automation
- Climate change → introduction of Clean Energy Act 2010 in BC
 - Vertical integration of BC Hydro with Transmission (BCTC)
 - Self-sufficient by 2016
 - Reduce future incremental demand by 66% through DSM
 - Meet remaining demand through 93% clean or renewable
 - Encourage fuel switching to reduce GHG
 - Key projects not subject to BCUC ruling
 - Encourage economic development through Clean Technology



Emerging Trends

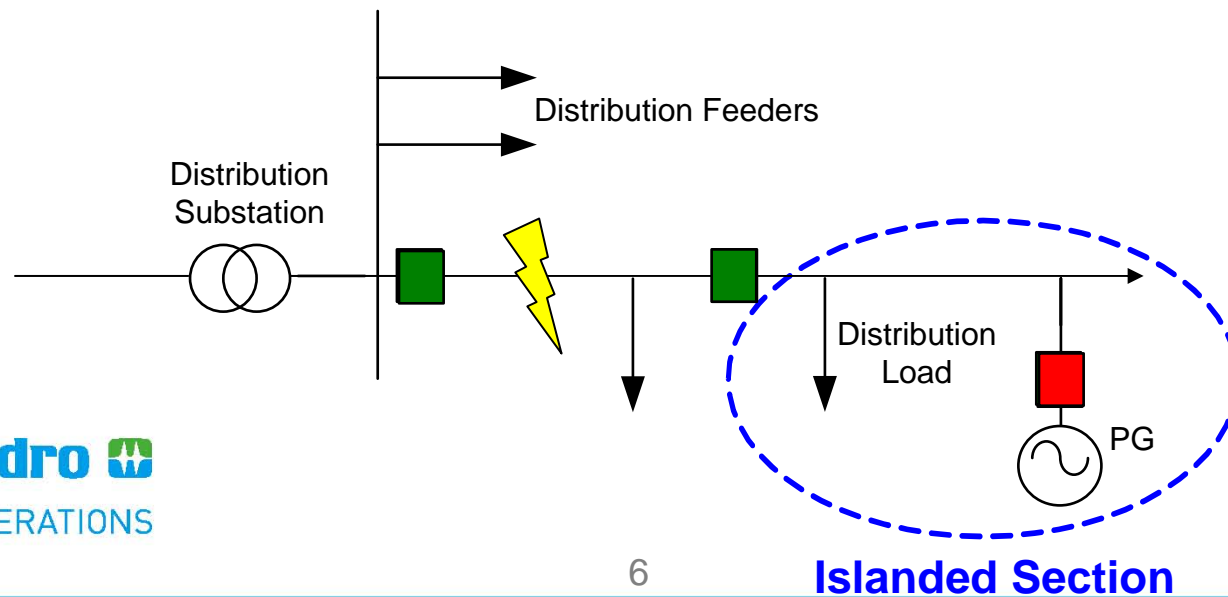
- Going from Centralized Generation to Decentralized Gen.
- Distributed Generation: Customer Owned Generation
- High Penetration of DERs (multiple DGs, IPPs, PV clusters, wind farms, etc.)
- Active Network (Community Energy Storage, Planned Islanding, Microgrids)



Planned Islanding

Two approaches for islanding:

- Current practice – Protection against islanding
Disconnect DG subsequent to fault or any other switching event and loss of grid, IEEE 1547
- Planned (intentional) islanding
Supervised transitions to an island condition in order to allow DG continue operation and serve the local load (Ride-through – Scheduled/Black-start)

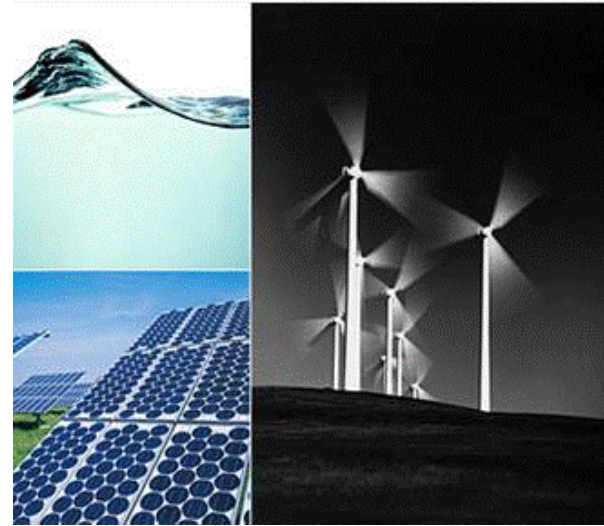


Planned Islanding

- Why “Planned” Islanding?
 - To avoid safety concerns, and power quality issues
- When Planned Islanding?
 - Source is not secure: long transmission lines, long-duration interruptions
 - Opportunity to defer capital investments for reliability improvement
 - Special levels of reliability performance required by large customers
- PG Islanding Capability
 - Is the ability of a PG to continuously supply part of the distribution system that is separated from the rest of T/D system
 - Electric supply must be safe, controlled, reliable, and provide acceptable power quality (V, Hz)

PG Islanding Assessment

- Feasibility of PG Islanding:
 - PG islanding capability
 - Cyclic generation output
 - PG output > feeder/area peak load (>4 months)
 - Planned islanding strategy
 - Ride-through vs. black-start
 - Significant reliability improvement (SAIDI)
 - No power quality issues
 - Reasonable system upgrades and costs
 - No operation and safety concerns
 - Special commercial, or contractual considerations



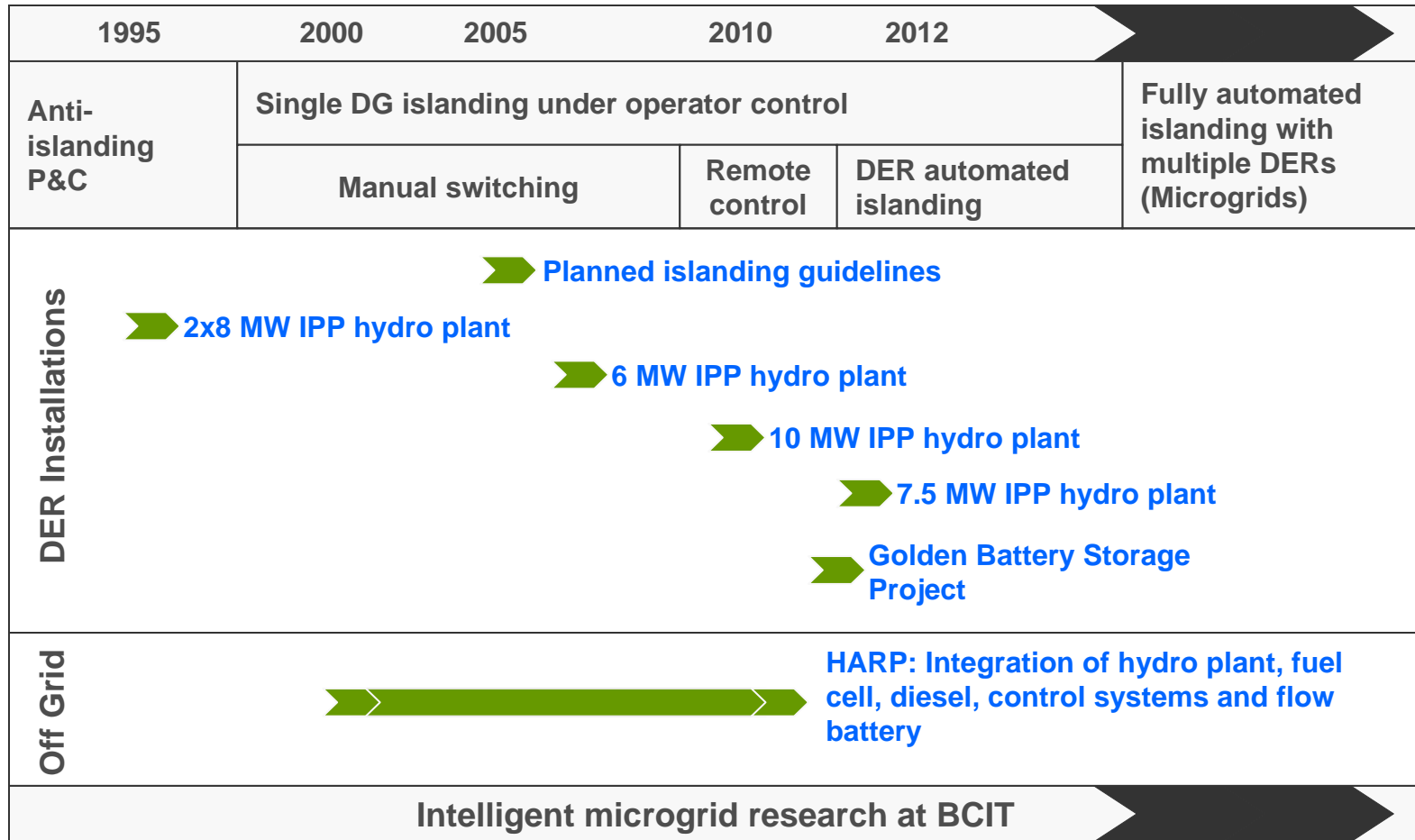
PGs Technical Requirements

- “Distribution Power Generator Islanding Guidelines”, BC Hydro, June 2006
 - Load following capabilities
 - Generators with broader VAR control (power factor ± 0.8)
 - Fast acting speed governor and exciter
 - Inertia and controls to pick up dead-feeder load
 - Black-start capability (scheduled islanding)
 - PG with sufficient excitation current to allow fault detection
 - Dual overcurrent protection settings (for parallel and islanded operation)
 - Capability to maintain power quality (Machines with large inrush current or cyclic loads)
 - Operating data/status telemetry (no SCADA)

BCH Upgrades & Requirements

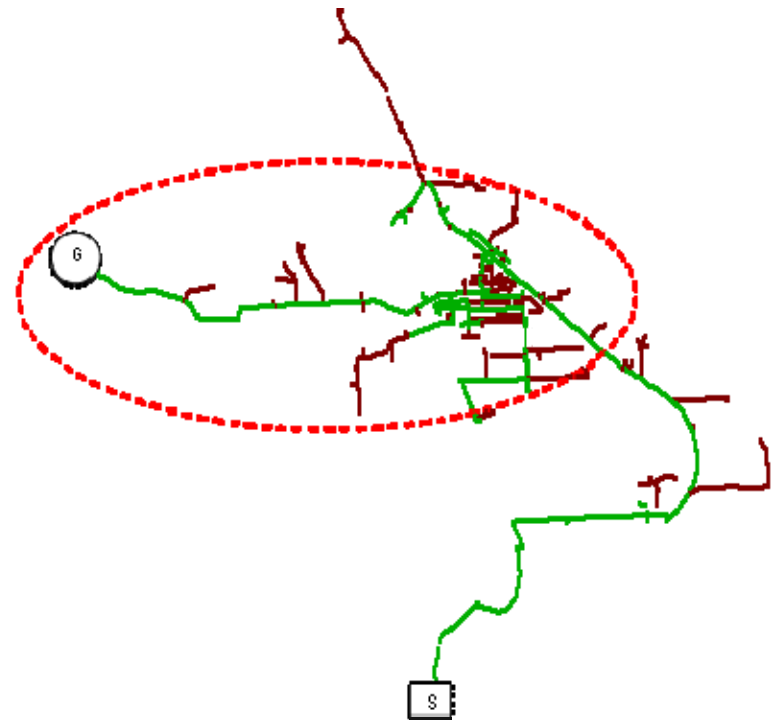
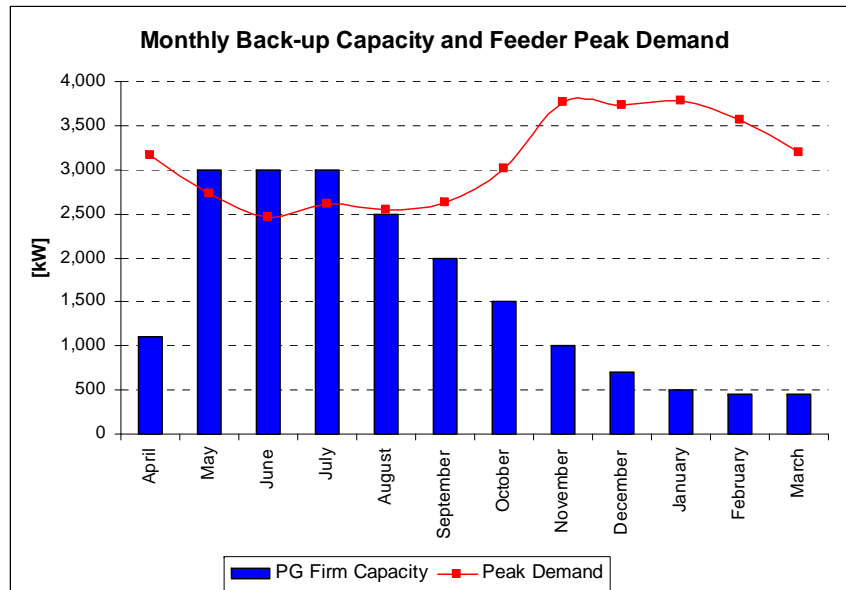
- Feeder/area load > PG MVA rating/output → if not, feeder sectionalization plan required
- Bi-directional line voltage regulators and fault detection elements
- Voltage supervision at feeder substation CB (out-of-phase reclosing)
- Reclosers upgrade (disable/delay reclosing function, replace to electronic)
- Line fuses upgrade (replace/relocate/remove)
- PG real-time operating data/status at Control Centre and inter-operator communications
- PG commissioning tests for both grid-connected and islanded mode
- System impact study (steady-state and dynamic) for islanding operation, and DOO

BC Hydro's Islanding Projects



BC Hydro – Project 2, 2007

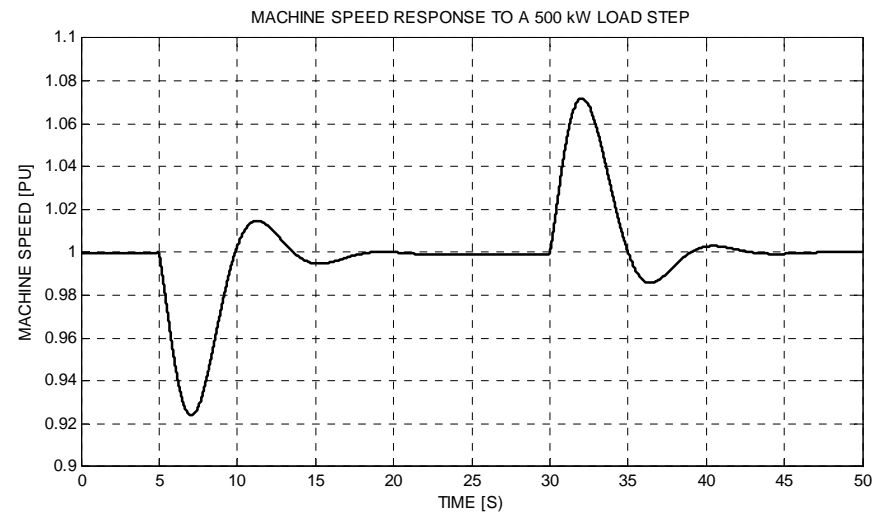
- 6 MW run-of-river IPP connected to a 25 kV feeder
- Outages > 6 hours, from May to Sept. & affect 1,000 customers
- Black-start, manual switching



BC Hydro - Project 2, 2007

•Islanding study and test results:

- Technical study performed by IPP consultant and BCH
- Load-bank used to test PG's islanding capability.
- Load following and load pick-up capability
- EMTP simulations confirmed test results
- Load blocks (500-800kW) may be picked up by PG
- Installation of switches at BCH feeder. Load-isolation switching points
- BCH prepared PIR and DOO which includes an islanding plan



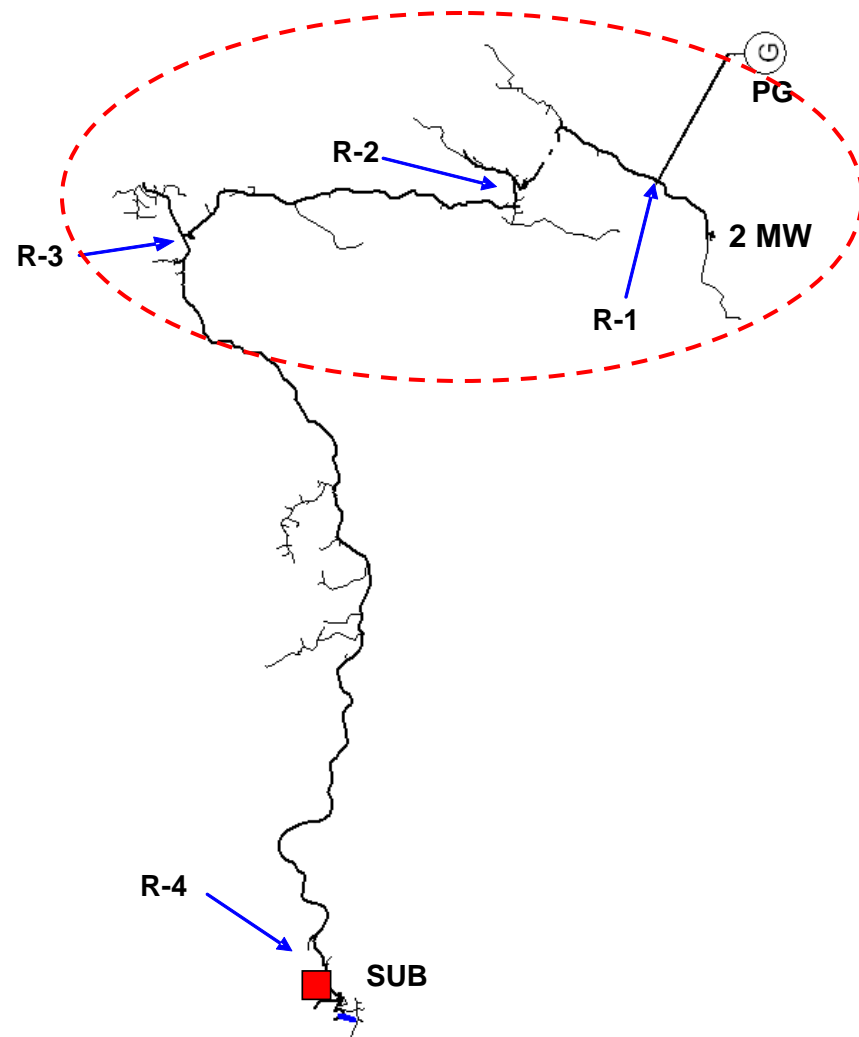
BC Hydro – Project 2, 2007

- Major Achievements:
 - BCH successfully contracted an agreement with an existing IPP to provide emergency back-up
 - Very few modifications and upgrades were required to implement the project
 - One successful islanded operation occurred in 2008 (6hrs, 1000 customers)
 - Significant customer reliability improvement (~50%)

BC Hydro Feeder	SAIDI	SAIFI	CAIDI
2008	3.77	5.05	0.75
2007	7.20	6.65	1.08
2006	34.16	8.87	3.85
2005	4.30	4.06	1.06

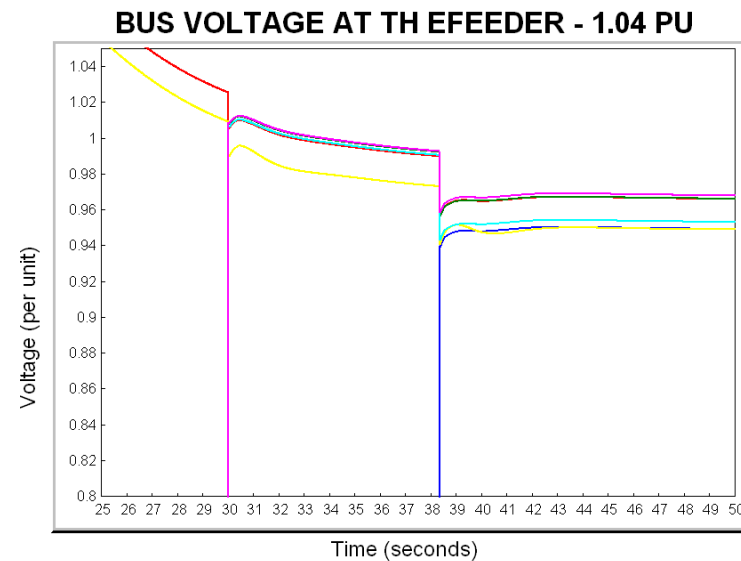
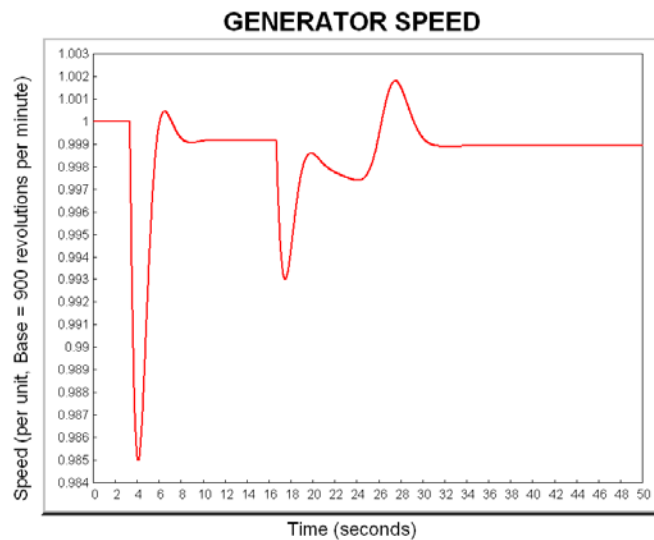
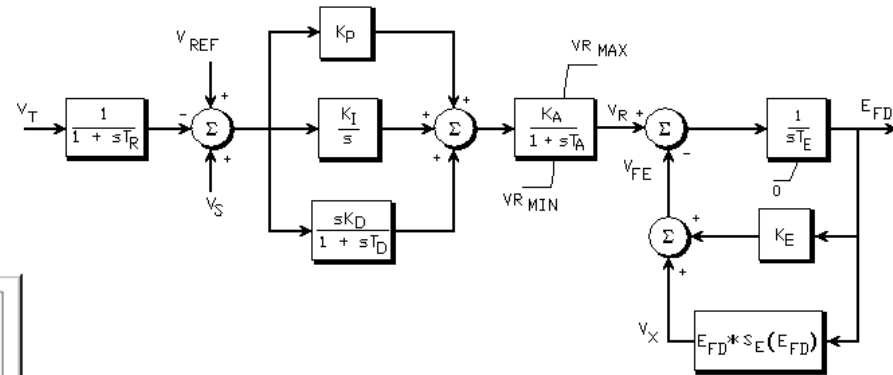
BC Hydro – Project 3, 2010

- 10 MW run-of-river IPP connected to a 25 kV feeder
- Large industrial customer (~2 MW + 1 MW BCH customers)
- Black-start & ride-through, automated switching (reclosers)



BC Hydro – Project 3, 2010

- Studies done in CYMDIST/CYMSTAB



BC Hydro – Project 3, 2010

- Special PQ requirements for islanding conditions: V, f, harmonics

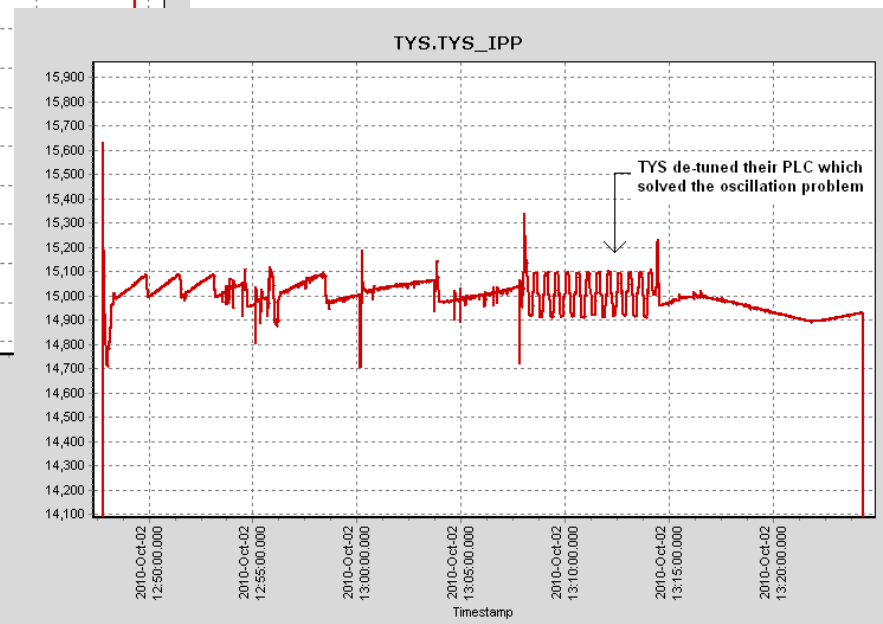
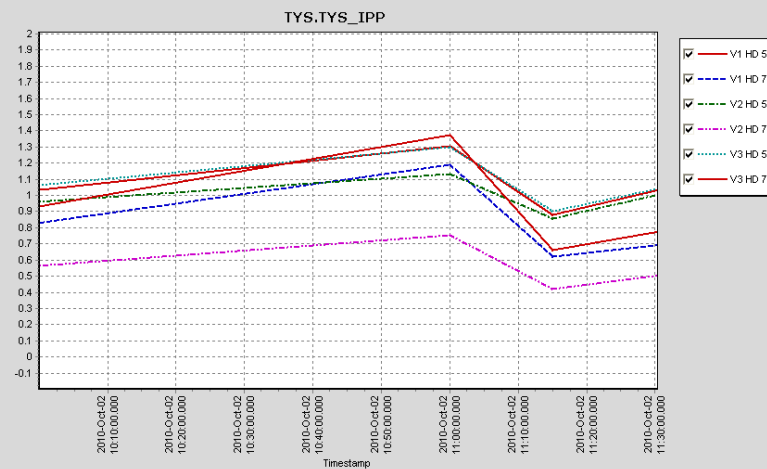
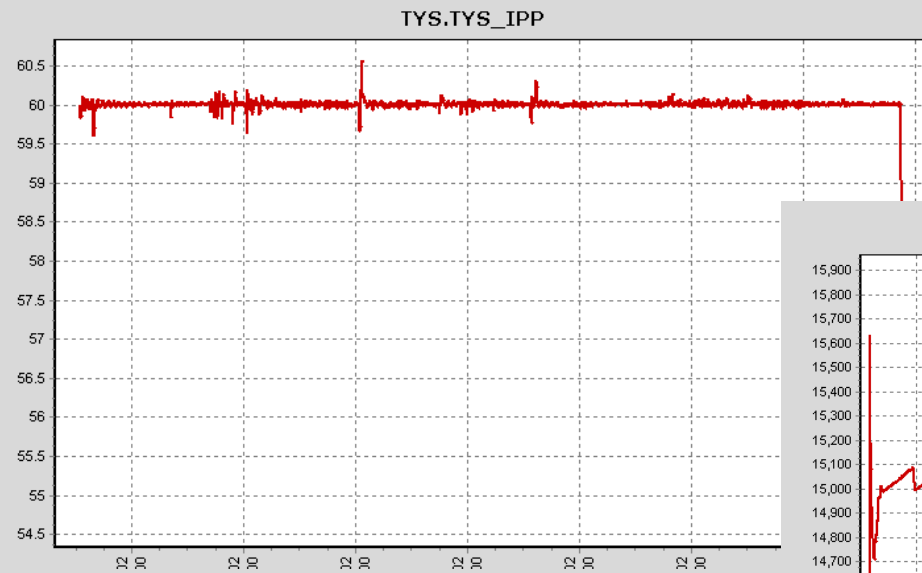
Voltage:

% of Nominal Voltage	Clearing Time Islanding Mode	Clearing Time Normal Mode
V < 50%	0.16 sec	0.16 sec
50% < V < 85%	5.0 sec	2.0 sec
85% < V < 90%	60.0 sec	2.0 sec
90% < V < 106%	Normal Operation	Normal Operation
106% < V < 110%	60.0 sec	1.0 sec
106% < V < 120%	5.0 sec	1.0 sec
V >= 120%	0.16 sec	0.16 sec

Frequency:

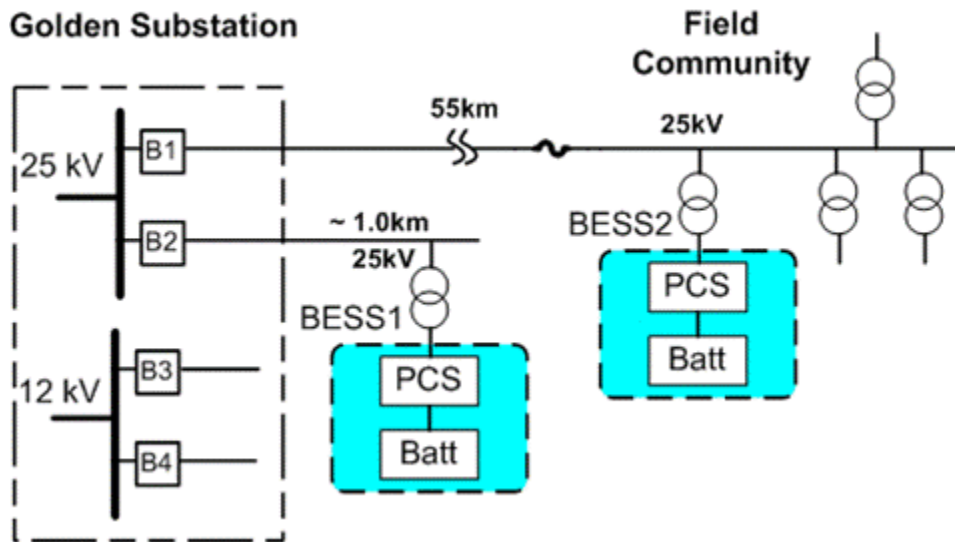
Under Frequency Limit		Minimum Time Islanding Mode		Minimum Time Normal Mode	
60.0-60.5	Hz	Continuous		Continuous	
60.6-61.5	Hz	10	minute	3	minutes
61.6-61.7	Hz	1	minute	30	seconds
61.8-62.5	Hz	1	minute	Instantaneous	
62.6-67.0	Hz	10	seconds	Instantaneous	
Greater than 67.0	Hz	Instantaneous		Instantaneous	
Over Frequency Limit		Minimum Time Islanding Mode		Minimum Time Normal Mode	
60.0-59.5	Hz	Continuous		Continuous	
59.4-58.5	Hz	10	minute	3	minutes
58.4-57.9	Hz	1	minute	30	seconds
57.8-57.5	Hz	1	minute	7.5	seconds
57.4-56.9	Hz	10	seconds	45	cycles
56.8-56.5	Hz	10	seconds	7.2	cycles
56.4-53.0	Hz	10	seconds	Instantaneous	
Less than 53.0 Hz		Instantaneous		Instantaneous	

BC Hydro – Project 3, 2010

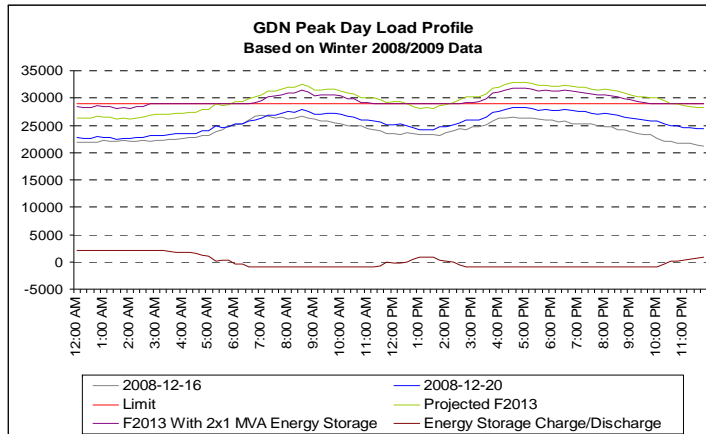


BC Hydro – Energy Storage Project

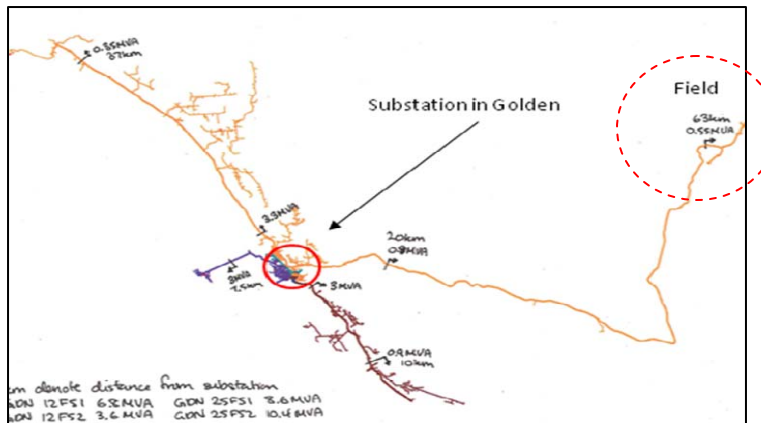
- 2x1MW ESS in Golden/Field, 25 kV DS
- Constraint substation (peak shaving) and reliability (islanding)
- Contribution from NRCan through CEF
- ISD Sept. 2011



BC Hydro – Energy Storage Project



- Peak shaving to mitigate capacity risk at Golden substation, includes demand response (~2 MW).



- Islanding to relieve poor reliability metrics at Field (~ 500kW)

BC Hydro – Energy Storage Project

Business Case Development

- Major costs:
 - Battery units, Integration (PCS), P&C, Telecom
- Major benefits
 - Financial
 - Savings of from deferred transformer upgrade costs
 - Avoided cost of 2 MW equivalent diesel generation for peak shaving and outage support
 - Leverage from Clean Energy Fund
 - Non-financial
 - Improve reliability for the community of Field (eliminate estimated 80% of outages)
 - Mitigate risk of demand exceeding capacity at Golden substation
 - Avoid GHG emissions from use of emergency diesel generator back-up
 - Long-term potential
 - Further benefit from deferred upgrade costs by relocating energy storage to another capacity constrained substation
 - Gain critical knowledge in the use of storage technologies: for purposes of peak shaving, reliability, integrating renewables, and managing multiple distributed resources.

BC Hydro – Energy Storage Project

Procurement Process

- Battery RFP
 - Challenging to develop a specification given the lack of experience in this area
 - Used external expertise, Quanta Technology
 - Developed the spec based on functional requirements: Peak shaving & Islanding
 - Received 5 responses with 5 different technologies
 - Lead-acid, Lithium Ion, Vanadium Flow batteries, NAS batteries, Zinc-air
- Integrator RFP
 - Schedule: Originally unable to post RFP for systems integrator until the battery contract is complete.
 - One proponent
- Lessons learned

BC Hydro – Energy Storage Project

Project Challenges

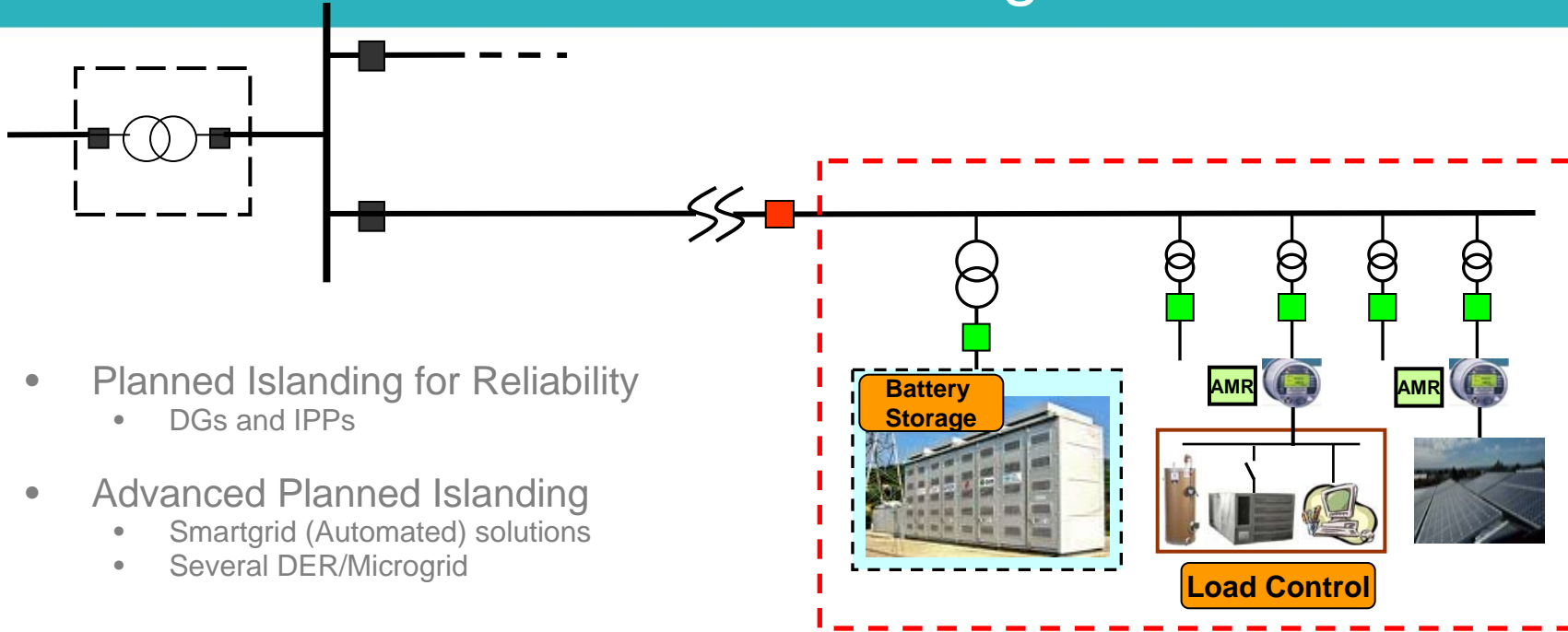
- **Non-technical**
 - Site selection: geotechnical instability, flooding risk, footprint
 - Parks Canada property
 - Community relationship and engagement
 - Whether conditions: extreme winter conditions challenge battery technologies
 - Environmental permitting
 - Internal (BHC) change management
- **Technical**
 - Telecommunications: remote location
 - Lack of standards: safety
 - P&C, difficult in a long feeder with several reclosers. Low fault contribution from the battery PCS
 - Smooth remote restoration (re-synch) from islanding operation
 - Batteries heating and cooling

BC Hydro – Energy Storage Project

Project Outcomes

- Performance measurement
 - Project implementation metrics
 - Load profile data at batteries and Golden substation
 - Battery metrics: Efficiency, charge/discharge profiles
 - Reliability metrics for Field: CAIDI, SAIFI
- Deliverables
 - BC Hydro Storage Deployment and Integration Guideline 2013
 - BC Hydro Case Study Report 2014
 - Knowledge dissemination
- Potential project extensions
 - Demand response pilot programs
 - Integration of renewable distributed generation
 - Integration of energy management systems

Conclusion and Future Challenges



- Planned Islanding for Reliability
 - DGs and IPPs
- Advanced Planned Islanding
 - Smartgrid (Automated) solutions
 - Several DER/Microgrid
- Utility-scale Energy Storage
 - Islanded operation for reliability
 - Peak shaving
 - Integration of renewable generation
- Planned Islanding guidelines/IEEE1547.4

Questions?

Thanks!!

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